Financial Report September 30, 2022

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Audit and Risk Management Committee of the General Synod Council The Reformed Church in America Church Growth Fund, Inc.

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The Reformed Church in America Church Growth Fund, Inc. (RCACGF), which comprise the statement of financial position as of September 30, 2022 and the related statements of activities and changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of RCACGF as of September 30, 2022 and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities* for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of RCACGF and to meet our ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Report on Prior Year Financial Statements

The financial statements of RCACGF as of September 30, 2021 and 2020 were audited by other auditors, who expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements on December 17, 2021.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about RCACGF's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are issued or available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.



To the Audit and Risk Management

- Committee of the General Synod Council The Reformed Church in America Church
- Growth Fund, Inc.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
 RCACGF's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about RCACGF's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Plante i Moran, PLLC

December 15, 2022

Statement of Financial Position

		Septe	emb	er 30, 2022,	202	21, and 2020
		2022		2021		2020
Asse	ets					
Cash and cash equivalents Investments (Note 3) Beneficial interest in known pool of assets - RCA	\$	9,728,124 20,618,651	\$	9,273,465 19,495,709	\$	8,225,636 16,306,405
Endowment Fund (Note 3) Interest receivable on mortgages and loans receivable Prepaid expenses and other assets		635,273 112,171 7,845		757,124 124,966		678,560 143,146
Mortgages and loans receivable - Net (Note 4)		49,485,285		55,516,216		57,627,650
Total assets	\$	80,587,349	\$	85,167,480	\$	82,981,397
Liabilities and	Net A	Assets				
Liabilities Interest payable Accounts payable and accrued expenses Debt securities payable (Note 5)	\$	52,829 279,043 31,672,760	\$	81,950 44,137 34,878,929	\$	102,092 92,755 34,428,846
Total liabilities		32,004,632		35,005,016		34,623,693
Net Assets Without donor restrictions With donor restrictions (Note 6)		47,947,444 635,273		49,405,340 757,124		47,679,144 678,560
Total net assets		48,582,717		50,162,464		48,357,704
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	80,587,349	\$	85,167,480	\$	82,981,397

See notes to financial statements.

Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets

	Years Ended September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020					
		2022		2021		2020
Changes in Net Assets without Donor Restrictions: Operating activities:						
Interest earned on mortgages and loans Interest and dividends on investments	\$	2,254,657 425,876	\$	2,574,298 370,832	\$	2,700,835 440,135
Total interest and dividends income		2,680,533		2,945,130		3,140,970
Interest expense on debt securities payable		(480,014)		(706,734)		(842,676)
Net interest and dividend income		2,200,519		2,238,396		2,298,294
Other operating income and expenses: Fee income Contributions and bequests Investment realized gains (losses) RCA Endowment Fund distributions Operating expenses Change in net assets from operations Non-operating activities: Net unrealized (loss) gain on investments (Loss) gain on Canadian exchange Grants to General Synod Council Change in net assets from non-operating activities	_	1,000 500 47,284 34,704 83,488 (581,364) 1,702,643 (2,356,726) (3,813) (800,000) (3,160,539)	_	8,771 334,700 20,016 29,508 392,995 (521,666) 2,109,725 362,474 33,997 (780,000) (383,529)	_	500 123,148 (33,514) 13,938 104,072 (646,280) 1,756,086 387,573 10,722 (791,000) (392,705)
		(· · ·)		(· · /		
Change in Net Assets without Donor Restrictions Changes in Net Assets with Donor Restrictions - Change in value of funds held in RCA Endowment Fu	nd	(1,457,896) (121,851)		1,726,196 78,564		1,363,381 55,231
Total Change in Net Assets		(1,579,747)		1,804,760		1,418,612
Net Assets - Beginning of year	_	50,162,464		48,357,704		46,939,092
Net Assets - End of year	<u>\$</u>	48,582,717	\$	50,162,464	\$	48,357,704

Statement of Cash Flows

Years E	ind	ed Septem	ber	30, 2022, 2	02	21, and 2020
		2022		2021		2020
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Change in net assets Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash	\$	(1,579,747))\$	1,804,760	\$	1,418,612
and cash equivalents from operating activities: Loss (gain) on Canadian exchange Net unrealized and realized loss (gain) on investments Net unrealized loss (gain) on the RCA Endowment Fund Reinvestment of interest in debt securities payable Accrued interest on mortgages and loans added to		3,813 2,309,442 121,851 383,110		(33,997) (382,490) (78,564) 530,454		(10,722) (354,059) (55,231) 616,943
outstanding principal Changes in operating assets and liabilities that (used) provided cash and cash equivalents: Prepaid expenses and other assets		- (7,845))	-		(201,431)
Interest receivable on mortgages and loans receivable Interest payable Accounts payable and accrued expenses		12,795 (29,122) 234,907)	18,180 (20,142) (48,618)		7,248 (2,027) 62,898
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by operating activities		1,449,204		1,789,583		1,482,231
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Purchases of investments Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments Mortgages and loans issued Collections on mortgages and loans		(11,000,007) 7,567,623 (1,091,112) 7,118,230		(8,915,908) 6,109,094 (6,913,058) 9,058,489		(15,237,328) 13,217,581 (5,205,239) 8,418,246
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by (used in) investing activities		2,594,734		(661,383)		1,193,260
Cash Flows from Financing Activities Debt securities issued Debt securities redeemed		3,993,823 (7,583,102))	6,222,150 (6,302,521)		7,517,582 (7,372,964)
Net cash and cash equivalents (used in) provided by financing activities		(3,589,279))	(80,371)		144,618
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		454,659		1,047,829		2,820,109
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of year		9,273,465		8,225,636		5,405,527
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of year	\$	9,728,124	\$	9,273,465	\$	8,225,636
Supplemental Cash Flow Information - Cash paid for interest on debt securities payable	\$	129,521	\$	197,193	\$	228,345
Significant Noncash Transactions - Debt securities payable reinvested at maturity	\$	11,755,759	\$	10,032,038	\$	9,512,251

Years Ended September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020

Note 1 - Nature of Organization

The Reformed Church in America Church Growth Fund, Inc. (RCACGF) is an agency of the General Synod of the Reformed Church in America (RCA). The term "agency" is defined in the RCA's Book of Church Order. The General Synod Council (GSC) serves as the executive committee, as the Committee of Reference at meetings of the General Synod, and as the Board of Trustees of the General Synod of the RCA. RCACGF loans money to churches, classes, and other agencies and affiliates of the Reformed Church in America to assist them in the purchase, construction, or improvement of church buildings, parsonages, and other property used in their ministry, or the purchase of land. RCACGF's main source of revenue is the interest income generated from these loans. A substantial portion of RCACGF's funds available for making loans is derived from the sales of debt securities, referred to as "savings certificates" by RCACGF, issued to investors.

As an agency of the General Synod of the Reformed Church in America, RCACGF is included under the group exemption ruling issued to the General Synod of the Reformed Church in America in January of 1988 by the Department of Treasury, Internal Revenue Service. This ruling establishes that RCACGF is exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, except for taxes pertaining to unrelated business income. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been made in the financial statements.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates that are particularly susceptible to significant change in the near term relate to the determination of the allowance for loan losses and the valuation of investment securities.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on deposit, money market funds, and interest-bearing deposits with other financial institutions with original maturities of 90 days or less. The cash and cash equivalents, at times, exceeds federally insured limits. At September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, RCACGF has funds of \$9,413,893, \$9,184,726, and \$7,755,959, respectively, in excess of federally insured limits. RCACGF has not experienced any loss on these accounts and does not believe that it is exposed to any significant risk.

Investments

Investments in equity securities with readily determinable fair values and all investments in debt securities are reported at fair value. Unitized equities, which are not readily marketable, are measured at fair value, valued at net asset value per share as the practical expedient. Investments in certificates, with an original maturity greater than three months, are held at cost. Realized and unrealized gains and losses, interest, and dividends are included in the statements of activities and changes in net assets. The various investments are exposed to a variety of uncertainties, including interest rate, market, and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investments, it is possible that changes in the values of these investments could occur in the near term. Such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the financial statements of RCACGF.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Beneficial Interest in Known Pool of Assets - RCA Endowment Fund

Beneficial interest in known pool of assets are reported at fair value, with gains and losses reported in the statement of activities and changes in net assets. The Reformed Church in America Endowment Fund (the "RCA Endowment Fund") was established to manage the endowment funds of the Reformed Church in America. The RCA Endowment Fund is administered by the GSC.

Interest Receivable

Interest is accrued on mortgages and loans receivable when earned. The accrual of interest on loans is discontinued at the time the loan is 90 days delinquent unless the loan is well-secured and in the process of collection. In all cases, loans are placed on nonaccrual or charged off at an earlier date if collection of principal or interest is considered doubtful. All interest accrued but not collected for loans that are placed on nonaccrual or charged off is reversed against interest income. Any interest payments received on nonaccrual loans are accounted for as a reduction to the unpaid principal balance of the nonaccrual loan for financial reporting purposes. If a loan is returned to accrual, the interest payments previously received continue to be reported as a reduction of unpaid principal balance until the loan is paid off, at which time the interest payments are recognized as interest income. There were no loans on nonaccrual status at September 30, 2022, 2021, or 2020.

Mortgages and Loans Receivable

Loans are reported at the principal balance outstanding net of charge-offs and an allowance for loan losses. During the year ended September 30, 2020, RCACGF offered payment relief to all of its borrowers due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The borrowers were offered the following three payment relief options:

- Six months of interest-only payments (16 borrowers participated)
- Three months with no loan payment. The interest still accrued and was added to the outstanding loan balance (six borrowers participated). A seventh borrower was given six months of no loan payment with the deferred interest added to the outstanding loan balance.
- Three months with no loan payment, where the interest still accrued and was added to the outstanding loan balance, followed by three months of interest-only payments (28 borrowers participated)

The above modifications were not deemed to be troubled debt restructurings. No borrowers remain on modified payment structures as of September 30, 2022. There were no payment relief options offered in the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021.

Allowance for Loan Losses

The allowance for loan losses (the "allowance") is established as losses are estimated to have occurred through a provision for loan losses charged to earnings. Loan losses are charged against the allowance when management believes the uncollectibility of a loan balance is confirmed. Subsequent recoveries, if any, are credited to the allowance.

The allowance for loan losses is evaluated on a regular basis by management and is based upon management's periodic review of the collectibility of the loans in light of historical experience, the nature and volume of the loan portfolio, adverse situations that may affect the borrower's ability to repay, estimated value of any underlying collateral, and prevailing economic conditions. This evaluation is inherently subjective, as it requires estimates that are susceptible to significant revision as more information becomes available.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

A loan is considered impaired when, based on current information and events, it is probable that RCACGF will be unable to collect the scheduled payments of principal or interest when due according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement. Factors considered by management in determining impairment include payment status, collateral value, and the probability of collecting scheduled principal and interest payments when due. Loans that experience insignificant payment delays and payment shortfalls generally are not classified as impaired. Management determines the significance of payment delays and payment shortfalls on a case-by-case basis, taking into consideration all of the circumstances surrounding the loan and the borrower, including length of the delay, the reasons for the delay, the borrower's prior payment record, and the amount of the shortfall in relation to the principal and interest owed. Impairment is measured on a loan-by-loan basis for commercial and construction loans by either the present value of expected future cash flows discounted at the loan's effective interest rate, the loan's obtainable market price, or the fair value of the collateral if the loan is collateral dependent. There were no loans considered impaired as of September, 30, 2022, 2021, or 2020.

Classification of Net Assets

Net assets of RCACGF are classified based on the presence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

Net assets without donor restrictions: Net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed restrictions or for which the donor-imposed restrictions have expired or been fulfilled. Net assets in this category may be expended for any purpose in performing the primary objectives of RCACGF.

Net assets with donor restrictions: Net assets subject to stipulations imposed by donors and grantors. Net assets with donor restrictions consist of endowment fund investments to be held in perpetuity, and the unappropriated income from which is to be paid to RCACGF.

Operating Measures

RCACGF classifies its statement of activities and changes in net assets into operating and nonoperating activities. Operating activities include all income and expenses related to carrying out RCACGF's mission, including interest earned on mortgage and loans, interest and dividends, and investment realized gains and losses. Nonoperating activities include grants to related organizations (GSC) and net unrealized gains and losses on investments and Canadian exchange.

Contributions

Contributions of cash and other assets, including unconditional promises to give in the future, are reported as revenue when received, measured at fair value. Contributions are considered without donor restrictions unless specifically restricted by the donor. For the years ended September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, RCACGF did not have any contributions with donor-imposed restrictions.

Contributions made, referred to as grants in Note 9, are recognized as expense at the time of formal approval.

Functional Allocation of Expenses

Costs of providing the program and support services have been reported on a functional basis in Note 9. The financial statements report certain categories of expenses that are attributable to more than one program or supporting function. Therefore, these expenses require allocation on a reasonable basis that is consistently applied. Salaries and related expenses are allocated on the basis of time and effort. Expenses deemed to be indirect to employee work, such as certain professional services, insurance, and supplies, are considered to be management and general expenses. Costs have been allocated between the various program and support services based on estimates determined by management. Although the methods of allocation used are considered appropriate, other methods could be used that would produce different amounts.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Upcoming Accounting Pronouncement

In June 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2016-13, *Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments*. The ASU includes increased disclosures and various changes to the accounting and measurement of financial assets, including RCACGF's loans. Each financial asset presented on the balance sheet would have a unique allowance for credit losses valuation account that is deducted from the amortized cost basis to present the net carrying value at the amount expected to be collected on the financial asset. The amendments in this ASU also eliminate the probable initial recognition threshold in current GAAP and, instead, reflect an entity's current estimate of all expected credit losses using reasonable and supportable forecasts. The new credit loss guidance will be effective for RCACGF's year ending September 30, 2024. Upon adoption, the ASU will be applied using a modified retrospective transition method to the beginning of the first reporting period in which the guidance is effective. RCACGF is still quantifying the impact of the new standard.

Subsequent Events

The financial statements and related disclosures include evaluation of events up through and including December 15, 2022, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 3 - Investments and Fair Value Measurements

Accounting standards require certain assets and liabilities be reported at fair value in the financial statements and provide a framework for establishing that fair value. The framework for determining fair value is based on a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs and valuation techniques used to measure fair value.

Fair values determined by Level 1 inputs use quoted prices in active markets for identical assets that RCACGF has the ability to access.

Fair values determined by Level 2 inputs use other inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly. These Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets in active markets and other inputs, such as interest rates and yield curves, that are observable at commonly quoted intervals.

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs, including inputs that are available in situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the related asset. These Level 3 fair value measurements are based primarily on management's own estimates using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies, or similar techniques taking into account the characteristics of the asset.

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. RCACGF's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020

Note 3 - Investments and Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

The following tables present information about RCACGF's assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis at September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020 and the valuation techniques used by RCACGF to determine those fair values:

		Assets N	lea	sured at Fair Va Septembe		g E	Basis at
	A	uoted Prices in ctive Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		ignificant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Jnobservable Inputs (Level 3)	S	Balance at September 30, 2022
Assets							
Fixed income - Asset-backed securities Fixed income - Corporate bonds Fixed income - Government and municipal bonds	\$	- -	\$	36,931 8,995,132 6,018,060	\$ - -	\$	36,931 8,995,132 6,018,060
Corporate stocks Exchange-traded funds Investments measured at net		3,205,202 171,661		0,018,000 - -	-		3,205,202 171,661
asset value - Unitized equities Investments measured at cost - Investment certificates							1,684,738 506,927
Total investments		3,376,863		15,050,123	 -		20,618,651
Beneficial interest in known pool of assets - RCA Endowment Fund		-		635,273	 -		635,273
Total assets	\$	3,376,863	\$	15,685,396	\$ -	\$	21,253,924

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020

Note 3 - Investments and Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

		Assets M	lea	sured at Fair Va Septembe	e on a Recurrin 30, 2021	g Ba	asis at
	Acti fo	ted Prices in ve Markets r Identical Assets Level 1)		gnificant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	 Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)		Balance at eptember 30, 2021
Assets Investments: Fixed income - Asset-backed securities Fixed income - Corporate bonds Fixed income - Government and municipal bonds Corporate stocks Exchange-traded funds Investments measured at net asset value - Unitized equities Investments measured at cost - Investment certificates	\$	- - 3,562,428 246,248	\$	41,641 7,087,079 6,326,361 - -	\$ - - - -	\$	41,641 7,087,079 6,326,361 3,562,428 246,248 1,217,443 1,014,509
Total investments		3,808,676		13,455,081	-		19,495,709
Beneficial interest in known pool of assets - RCA Endowment Fund		-		757,124	 -		757,124
Total assets	\$	3,808,676	\$	14,212,205	\$ -	\$	20,252,833
		Assets N	lea	sured at Fair Va Septembe	e on a Recurrin 30, 2020	g Ba	asis at
	Acti fo	ted Prices in ve Markets r Identical Assets Level 1)		gnificant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	 Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	S	Balance at eptember 30, 2020
Assets							
Investments: Fixed income - Asset-backed							
Fixed income - Asset-backed securities Fixed income - Corporate bonds	\$	- -	\$	248,181 5,856,675	\$:	\$	248,181 5,856,675
Fixed income - Asset-backed securities	\$	- - 3,279,823 237,763	\$		\$ - - - -	\$	
Fixed income - Asset-backed securities Fixed income - Corporate bonds Fixed income - Government and municipal bonds Corporate stocks	\$		\$	5,856,675	\$ 	\$	5,856,675 6,683,963 3,279,823
Fixed income - Asset-backed securities Fixed income - Corporate bonds Fixed income - Government and municipal bonds Corporate stocks Exchange-traded funds	\$	237,763	\$	5,856,675 6,683,963 - -	\$ - - - - -	\$	5,856,675 6,683,963 3,279,823 237,763

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020

Note 3 - Investments and Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

RCACGF owns units in the RCA Endowment Fund, and the holding entity (GSC) owns the underlying assets consisting of publicly traded investments, certificates of deposit, money market funds, U.S. government bonds, international bonds, federal tax-exempt securities, corporate bonds, asset-backed securities, and equities. The beneficial interests have no redemption limitations and, therefore, are recorded as Level 2 in the fair value table. The fair value of fixed-income securities was determined using quoted market prices and other market data for the same or comparable instruments and transactions in establishing the prices, discounted cash flow models, and other pricing models. These models are primarily industry-standard models that consider various assumptions, including time value and yield curve, as well as other relevant economic measures, and are primarily Level 2 inputs.

Investments held at net asset value consist of funds held at a financial institution, whereas RCACGF owns units in a fund and the underlying assets are invested in various securities. These fund investments consist of several underlying international and domestic equity funds. These equity funds may include common stocks, securities convertible into common stocks, American depository receipts, global depository receipts, preferred stocks, options, warrants, futures contracts, and interest in private equity or hedge funds. The main purpose of these funds is to hold varying levels of investment types to provide diversification to RCACGF's investment portfolio. As of September 30, 2022 and 2021, there were no unfunded commitments or redemption restrictions for these investments held at net asset value. There were no investments held at net asset value at September 30, 2020.

Note 4 - Mortgages and Loans Receivable

Mortgages and loans receivable were composed of secured loans receivable and unsecured loans receivable. A summary of the balances of loans follows:

	 2022	2021	 2020
Secured loans receivable Unsecured loans receivable	\$ 50,687,716 497,569	\$ 56,593,836 622,380	\$ 58,381,636 946,014
Total loans	51,185,285	57,216,216	59,327,650
Less allowance for loan losses	 1,700,000	1,700,000	 1,700,000
Mortgage and loans receivable - Net	\$ 49,485,285	\$ 55,516,216	\$ 57,627,650

RCACGF's allowance for loan losses for the years ended September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020 had an ending balance of \$1,700,000. There were no charge-offs, recoveries, or provision expenses for the years ended September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020.

Credit Risk Grading

The credit quality of the loan portfolio is monitored using an internal rating system that reflects management's risk assessment based on an analysis of the borrower's current financial information, debt service coverage, collateral coverage, historical payment experience, current economic trends, and other objective factors related to the ministry of the borrower. The internal system assigns a numeric credit risk rating to each borrower, which is categorized by the following definitions:

<u>Pass</u>

Loans not covered by the below definitions are pass loans, which are considered to be in good standing.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020

Note 4 - Mortgages and Loans Receivable (Continued)

Special Mention

Loans classified as special mention, or watch credits, have a potential weakness or weaknesses to which management is paying close attention. If left uncorrected, these potential weaknesses may result in deterioration of the full repayment prospects for the loan or of the institution's credit position at some future date. Loans are also classified as special mention if recent financial information has not been received from a borrower.

Substandard

Loans are classified as substandard if management determines the borrower exhibits well-defined deficiencies in its paying capacity, and, therefore, the institution may sustain some loss if one or more of the well-defined deficiencies are not corrected. No loans were classified as substandard as of September 30, 2022, 2021, or 2020.

RCACGF's mortgages and loans receivable by credit risk grades at September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020 are summarized below:

	 Pass	Sp	ecial Mention	Sub	ostandard	Er	nding Balance
September 30, 2022	\$ 47,790,033		3,395,252	\$	-	\$	51,185,285
September 30, 2021	55,643,134		1,573,082		-		57,216,216
September 30, 2020	55,545,501		3,782,149		-		59,327,650

Status for performing and nonperforming real estate loans is based on payment activity for the year. Management reviews payment activity on a monthly basis to determine how loans are performing. Loans are considered to be nonperforming when days delinquent is greater than 60 days in the previous month. As of September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, all loans were in performing status.

RCACGF classifies loans as past due if the loan is more than 30 days past due but less than 90 days delinquent. There were no past-due loans as of September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020.

Loans outstanding at September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, summarized by current interest rate, are as follows:

Interest Rate	 2022	 2021	 2020
3.0% - 3.5%	\$ 312,442	\$ 337,834	\$ 558,337
3.6% - 4.0%	29,321,400	30,857,749	8,448,816
4.1% - 4.5%	12,974,795	17,260,098	34,488,243
4.6% - 5.0% 5.1% - 5.5%	8,035,293 230,560	8,730,816	15,653,678 118.355
5.6% - 7.0%	310,795	- 29,719	60,221
Total	\$ 51,185,285	\$ 57,216,216	\$ 59,327,650

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020

Note 4 - Mortgages and Loans Receivable (Continued)

At September 30, 2022, RCACGF had 111 loans with balances as follows:

Loan Balance	Number of Loans	(Principal Outstanding	Percent of Loan Portfolio
Less than \$50,001	17	\$	480,816	1%
\$50,001 - \$100,000	20		1,574,784	3%
\$100,001 - \$250,000	30		5,038,314	10%
\$250,001 - \$500,000	19		7,157,537	14%
\$500,001 - \$1,000,000	11		7,305,776	14%
\$1,000,001 - \$2,000,000	8		11,846,214	23%
\$2,000,001 - \$5,000,000	6	_	17,781,844	35%
Total	111	\$	51,185,285	100%

Although RCACGF has no geographical restrictions within the United States on where loans are made, aggregate loans equal to or in excess of 5 percent of total balances at September 30, 2022 were located in the following states:

State		Principal Outstanding	Percent of Loan Portfolio
Michigan	\$	14,940,228	29%
California		7,416,356	14%
Illinois		4,549,563	9%
New Jersey		3,686,176	7%
lowa		3,610,987	7%
Pennsylvania		3,322,030	6%
New York	_	3,064,406	6%
Total	\$	40,589,746	78%

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020

Note 5 - Debt Securities Payable

RCACGF's primary means of financing its activities is by selling savings certificates. These debt securities are unsecured general debt obligations, and each investor will have a claim against the assets of RCACGF equal with other debt securities holders and unsecured creditors. Debt securities are not savings or deposit accounts or other obligations of a bank and are not insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation, any state bank insurance fund, or any other governmental agency.

The average weighted interest rate on savings certificates was 1.36 percent, 1.72 percent, and 2.30 percent at September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively. RCACGF was indebted as summarized below:

		2021			
Number	Aggregate Principal Balance	Number	Aggregate Principal Balance	Number	Aggregate Principal Balance
121	\$ 10,532,482	129	\$ 9,181,500	126	\$ 8,552,284
86	5,836,552	99	6,129,465	77	4,085,642
-	-	36	1,860,581	50	2,783,368
55	1,774,311	66	2,420,589	44	1,259,993
161	7,204,459	150	8,058,552	172	8,466,212
90	2,368,200	92	2,359,463	109	3,506,422
19	497,124	22	790,110	25	954,839
125	2,784,871	125	3,452,626	164	3,765,165
-	-	-	-	14	412,638
32	674,761	35	626,043	39	642,283
689	\$ 31,672,760	754	\$ 34,878,929	820	\$ 34,428,846
	121 86 - 55 161 90 19 125 - 32	Principal Balance 121 \$ 10,532,482 86 5,836,552 - - 55 1,774,311 161 7,204,459 90 2,368,200 19 497,124 125 2,784,871 - - 32 674,761	Principal Balance Number 121 \$ 10,532,482 129 86 5,836,552 99 - - 36 55 1,774,311 66 161 7,204,459 150 90 2,368,200 92 19 497,124 22 125 2,784,871 125 32 674,761 35	Principal Balance Principal Balance 121 \$ 10,532,482 129 \$ 9,181,500 86 5,836,552 99 6,129,465 - - 36 1,860,581 55 1,774,311 66 2,420,589 161 7,204,459 150 8,058,552 90 2,368,200 92 2,359,463 19 497,124 22 790,110 125 2,784,871 125 3,452,626 - - - - 32 674,761 35 626,043	Principal Balance Principal Number Principal Balance Number 121 \$ 10,532,482 129 \$ 9,181,500 126 86 5,836,552 99 6,129,465 77 - - 36 1,860,581 50 55 1,774,311 66 2,420,589 44 161 7,204,459 150 8,058,552 172 90 2,368,200 92 2,359,463 109 19 497,124 22 790,110 25 125 2,784,871 125 3,452,626 164 - - - - 14 32 674,761 35 626,043 39

Investors have no right to the early redemption of their debt securities prior to their maturity. If an investor requests an early redemption, RCACGF may impose an early redemption fee.

The debt securities mature at various dates through 2032. At September 30, 2022, the scheduled maturities of debt securities are as follows:

Years Ending September 30	 Amount
On demand 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 Thereafter	\$ 10,532,482 10,199,306 7,113,073 2,162,842 770,904 292,546 601,607
Total	\$ 31,672,760

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020

Note 5 - Debt Securities Payable (Continued)

RCACGF had 97 investors with aggregate balances of \$100,000 or more as of September 30, 2022. The balances over \$100,000 were distributed as follows:

Aggregate Debt Securities Balances by Investor	Number of Investors	 Aggregate Balance	Percentage of Outstanding Debt Securities
\$100,000 - \$200,000	55	\$ 7,454,605	24%
\$200,001 - \$300,000	22	5,131,121	16%
\$300,001 - \$500,000	13	5,081,481	16%
Greater than \$500,000	7	 7,467,632	24%
Total	97	\$ 25,134,839	80%

At September 30, 2022, RCACGF's investors were concentrated in five states as follows:

State		 Aggregate Balance	Percent of Outstanding Debt Securities
Michigan		\$ 9,286,803	29%
New York		6,877,247	22%
lowa		5,198,569	16%
New Jersey		3,578,002	11%
Illinois		 1,968,960	6%
Total		\$ 26,909,581	84%

The officers, directors, and executive staff of RCACGF may be investors in RCACGF on the same terms and conditions as other investors. As of September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, as a group, they held debt securities aggregating \$57,933, \$16,503, and \$19,214, respectively.

Note 6 - Net Assets with Donor Restrictions

The net assets with donor restrictions represent three endowments that are invested within the RCA Endowment Fund. Per the terms of the endowment agreements, the income earned from these investments is to be used for general purposes. The income is released to net assets without donor restrictions when appropriated for expenditure. The following classifications reflect the nature of restrictions to net assets with donor restrictions for the years ended September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020:

	2022		2021		 2020
Restricted by purpose - Accumulated endowment earnings Restricted in perpetuity	\$	473,802 161,471	\$	595,653 161,471	\$ 517,089 161,471
Total	\$	635,273	\$	757,124	\$ 678,560

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020

Note 7 - Line of Credit

Under a line of credit agreement with PNC bank, which was renewed during the year, RCACGF has available borrowings of \$5,000,000. Interest is payable monthly at a rate per annum equal to the daily BSBY rate plus 2.00 percent. The line of credit is unsecured. The outstanding principal balance and any accrued interest is due and payable on the expiration date. The line of credit expires on March 31, 2023. RCACGF had no outstanding balance on this line of credit for the years ended September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020. Prior to renewal, interest was payable monthly at a rate per annum equal to the daily LIBOR plus 1.75 percent and required RCACGF to reduce the outstanding principal balance thereof to zero for a period of at least 60 consecutive days prior to the expiration date.

Note 8 - Employee Benefits

Retirement Plan

All current and full-time employees are eligible for participation in a 403(b) defined contribution retirement plan, which is administered by The Board of Benefits Services of the Reformed Church in America, Inc. (BOBS). RCACGF contributes 11 percent of all eligible employees' salaries to the 403(b) plan. RCACGF's contribution to this plan, included in expenses, were approximately \$25,000, \$21,000, and \$23,000 for the years ended September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively.

Medical Benefits

All current and full-time employees are eligible for participation in a health insurance program, which is administered by The Reformed Benefits Association. The employer does not incur any liability for claims made by the employees. The costs incurred for the plan premiums were approximately \$39,000, \$34,000, and \$44,000 for the years ended September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively.

Note 9 - Functional Expenses

The following tables present the functional allocation of expenses:

	Year Ended September 30, 2022					
		Program Services		anagement nd General		Total
Grants to the GSC Interest on certificates Salaries and benefits Professional fees Office expenses and other Travel and staff development Meetings and events	\$	800,000 480,014 209,279 12,486 33,356 14,807	\$	- 205,185 68,977 26,035 - 11,239	\$	800,000 480,014 414,464 81,463 59,391 14,807 11,239
Total	\$	1,549,942	\$	311,436	\$	1,861,378
		Year E	ndec	I September 3	30, 2	021
		Program Services		anagement nd General		Total
Grants to the GSC Interest on certificates Salaries and benefits Professional fees Office expenses and other Travel and staff development Meetings and events	\$	780,000 706,734 143,231 16,736 54,743 4,513	\$	213,615 60,151 22,851 - 5,826	\$	780,000 706,734 356,846 76,887 77,594 4,513 5,826
Total	\$	1,705,957	\$	302,443	\$	2,008,400

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020

Note 9 - Functional Expenses (Continued)

	Year Ended September 30, 2020							
	Program Services		Management and General			Total		
Grants to the GSC	\$	791,000	\$	-	\$	791,000		
Interest on certificates		842,676		-		842,676		
Salaries and benefits		208,520		265,897		474,417		
Professional fees		6,826		66,766		73,592		
Office expenses and other		43,914		24,568		68,482		
Travel and staff development		12,614		-		12,614		
Meetings and events		-		17,175		17,175		
Total	\$	1,905,550	\$	374,406	\$	2,279,956		

Note 10 - Related Party Transactions

Although a separate not-for-profit corporation, RCACGF functions as a part of the RCA under the ultimate ecclesiastical supervision of the General Synod through the GSC. There is a close working relationship with the GSC based on RCACGF's primary purpose of making loans to RCA churches and other assemblies, the making of grants to the GSC, and the General Synod's election of RCACGF's board of directors.

As a result, RCACGF's mission and purpose are unavoidably intertwined with those of the RCA and its agencies, assemblies, and institutions, and there are numerous relationships with these parties. Those relationships include the sharing of certain employees included in shared service fees; combined funds in GSC investments and the RCA Endowment Fund, the RCA's management of those assets, and the potential for the GSC to invest in RCACGF's debt securities; the making of grants to the GSC; the sharing of office space, office supplies, computers, and other office resources; and the payment of retirement benefits to BOBS. RCACGF also has debt securities outstanding to agencies, assemblies, and institutions of the RCA and may have debt securities outstanding to GSC employees, officers, and directors or their family members, each on the same terms as debt securities available generally at the time of purchase.

The schedule below summarizes related party assets, liabilities, revenue, and expenses and the amounts attributable to them:

	 2022	 2021	 2020
Assets: Beneficial interest in known pool of assets - RCA Endowment Fund	\$ 635,273	\$ 757,124	\$ 678,560
Liabilities: GSC investment in debt securities payable BOBS investment in debt securities payable Accounts payable to the GSC	\$ 861,573 204,544 249,691	\$ 847,521 495,213 27,652	\$ 527,171 283,947 57,400
Total	\$ 1,315,808	\$ 1,370,386	\$ 868,518
Revenue: Grant from the GSC RCA Endowment Fund distributions Change in value of funds held in RCA Endowment Fund	\$ 	\$ - 29,508 78,564	\$ 50,449 13,938 55,231
Total	\$ (87,147)	\$ 108,072	\$ 119,618

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020

Note 10 - Related Party Transactions (Continued)

		2022		2021		2020
Expenses:	•		•	700.000	•	704 000
Grants to the GSC Fees paid to the GSC for shared services	\$	800,000 88.368	\$	780,000 84.665	\$	791,000 154.397
Retirement contributions paid to BOBS		25,333		20,999		22,566
Interest on the GSC's investment in debt securities Interest on BOBS' investment in debt securities	;	14,052 9.645		20,349 11.266		18,310 8,947
		9,045		11,200		0,947
Total	\$	937,398	\$	917,279	\$	995,220

Additionally, a former member of RCACGF's investment advisory committee is a partner at a firm that formerly managed approximately \$1,000,000 of RCACGF's investments. Fees paid to this firm for advisory services were \$1,881 and \$2,597 for the years ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. This committee member's term ended on June 30, 2020, and the account was closed in March 2021.

Note 11 - Liquidity and Availability of Resources

The following reflects RCACGF's financial assets as of September 30, reduced by amounts not available for general use because of contractual or donor-imposed restrictions within one year of the statement of financial position date:

		2022	 2021	 2020
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Repetied interact in known peel of coasts - BCA	\$	9,728,124 20,618,651	\$ 9,273,465 19,495,709	\$ 8,225,636 16,306,405
Beneficial interest in known pool of assets - RCA Endowment Fund Interest receivable on mortgage and loans receivable Mortgage and loans receivable		635,273 112,171 51,185,285	 757,124 124,966 57,216,216	678,560 143,146 59,327,650
Financial assets - At year end		82,279,504	86,867,480	84,681,397
Less those unavailable for general expenditures withir one year due to:	1			
Loans receivable collectible beyond one year Beneficial interest in known pool of assets -		49,568,083	55,756,303	58,453,636
RCA Endowment Fund		635,273	757,124	678,560
RCACGF required liquidity reserves*		3,693,900	 3,946,968	3,870,499
Financial assets available to meet cash needs for general expenditures within one year	\$	28,382,248	\$ 26,407,085	\$ 21,678,702

RCACGF is substantially supported by interest earned on mortgages and loans and investment income for which a substantial portion does not carry restrictions. As part of RCACGF's liquidity management, it has a policy to structure its financial assets to be available as its general expenditures, liabilities, and other obligations come due. For the years ended September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, RCACGF has available an unsecured line of credit in the amount of \$5 million that could be drawn upon in the event of an unanticipated liquidity need. RCACGF also realizes there could be unanticipated liquidity needs.

*RCACGF's liquidity policy is to maintain, at all times, cash, cash equivalents, and investments that are not loaned to churches in the aggregate amount and that are not less than 10 percent of the aggregate principal balance of the outstanding term savings certificates of RCACGF and not less than 15 percent of the aggregate principal balance of the outstanding demand savings certificates.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020

Note 12 - Commitments

RCACGF supports the ministry of the denomination and its churches by distributing up to 50 percent of its net operating income to the GSC for use as ministry grants, as designated by RCACGF. Net operating income is defined as income less expenses exclusive of loan loss reserve and all unrealized gains and losses. The 50 percent distribution amount will be subject to review annually by RCACGF board of directors. Designated ministry grants and amounts will include: (a) up to 25 percent of net operating income to support church multiplication, (b) up to \$50,000 annually to support the Next Generation Missional Engagement Fund, and (c) other ministry programs as may be designated by RCACGF board of directors allowed under the bylaws of RCACGF. The amounts contributed for these designated ministries are subject to change by the board of directors.

At September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, RCACGF had outstanding loan commitments estimated at approximately \$5,720,000, \$4,905,000, and \$3,375,000, respectively.

Note 13 - Concentrations of Credit Risk

The financial instrument that potentially subjects RCACGF to concentration of credit risk consists primarily of mortgages and loans receivable. Concentrations of credit risk with respect to mortgages and loans receivable are limited to a certain extent by the secured position of RCACGF in most instruments, the number of organizations comprising RCACGF's mortgages receivable base and their dispersion across geographic areas, and RCACGF's policy of limiting the maximum loan amount to any one borrower.

The creditworthiness of each loan applicant is assessed on a case-by-case basis. Currently, 99.03 percent of loans are secured by a first mortgage on the existing facility or real property, but some of them may be secured by a pledge of personal property or by a junior lien. The remaining 0.97 percent are unsecured and are collectible in installments and mature at various dates through 2027. Other credit considerations are represented by the terms of the loan, loan to value ratios, and other credit factors. RCACGF maintains a policy to review all loans monthly to determine past-due or delinquent status based on contractual terms and how recently payments have been received. Typically, RCACGF will not consider a loan for the purpose of constructing a new building until the congregation or other organization has met an equity interest in the property to the satisfaction of RCACGF.

As disclosed in Note 1, RCACGF loans money to churches, classes, and other agencies and affiliates of the Reformed Church in America to assist them in the purchase, construction, or improvement of church buildings, parsonages, and other property used in their ministry or the purchase of land. As of September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, RCACGF's mortgages and loans receivable from those organizations are disclosed in Note 4.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020

Note 14 - Risks and Uncertainties - RCA Restructuring Team

After years of disagreement on sexuality, interpretation of Scripture, polity, and other tensions, the denomination appointed and tasked the Vision 2020 Team with considering how (and if) the RCA could live together in the tension. At the suggestion of the Vision 2020 Team, the restructuring team was approved by General Synod 2021. General Synod 2021 also affirmed that the RCA should continue to live in the tension, and that people who no longer want to live in the tension have an avenue to leave, with the blessing of the remaining churches. The work of the restructuring team is to propose changes to the denomination's organizational structure that better allow for living in tension. The new structure will also be optimized for sustained spiritual and organizational health. During fiscal year 2022, some churches, including RCACGF borrowers and investors, have pursued those avenues to leave the RCA. In anticipation of some churches leaving the denomination, General Synod 2021 approved bylaws changes for RCACGF, allowing loans to be outstanding and disbursed to churches formerly organized as an RCA local church or collegiate church. Similar bylaws changes were made to allow churches and members formerly in the RCA to continue to invest in RCACGF. There remains the possibility that some churches borrowing from RCACGF and some RCACGF investors may leave the RCA and pay off loans or redeem their debt securities. The restructuring team will bring its proposals to General Synod 2024; an interim report is expected in 2023.